



Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled Safety Data Sheet

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Issue date: 05/14/2015

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Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled
Synonyms : DAP Molding Compound

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MetLab Corporation
4011 Hyde Park Blvd Niagara Falls
NY, 14305 800-828-6866
www.metlabcorp.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 or 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Carc. 1A H350
Aquatic Acute 3 H402
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H350 - May cause cancer
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves, Suitable respiratory equipment.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all federal, state, and local health and environmental regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Diallyl Pthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate, conc less than 100%	(CAS-No.) 34443-12-4	1 – 3	Org. Perox. D, H242 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
titanium(IV) oxide	(CAS-No.) 13463-67-7	0.1 – 1	Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	< 1	Carc. 1A, H350

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause cancer by inhalation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Explosion hazard : High concentration of airborne dust may form explosive mixture with air. Ensure that good housekeeping practices are followed as well as applicable guidelines such as the National Fire Protection Association [NFPA] 654, "Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids". Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash ba.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Minimize generation of dust. Store away from other materials.

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Avoid breathing fumes from molding or other processes involving heat. Avoid breathing dusts from cutting, machining or deflashing operations. Guard against dust accumulation of this material. High concentrations of airborne dust may form explosive mixture with air. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Keep cool. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : flames or sparks, Ignition sources. Keep container closed when not in use.
- Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition.
- Storage temperature : ≤ 4 °C
- Storage area : Store in cool, dry place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
quartz (14808-60-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m ³ (Respirable fraction)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	10 mg/m ³ %SiO ₂ +2
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	(3) See Table Z-3.
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	LRT irr; A3
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m ³
tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate,conc less than100% (34443-12-4)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	

8.2. Exposure controls

- Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
- Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.
- Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
- Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. Wear appropriate mask.
- Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Solid

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Appearance	: Blue Colored Granules.
Color	: Blue
Odor	: Mild odour Characteristic odour
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.7 – 1.8
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: ≥ 0
Specific gravity / density	: 1.7 – 1.8 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Negligible in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 6.82 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust), 14 day(s))

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate,conc less than100% (34443-12-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.

quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause cancer by inhalation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 algae	61 mg/l (EPA 600/9-78-018, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
quartz (14808-60-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)
tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate,conc less than100% (34443-12-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
quartz (14808-60-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate,conc less than100% (34443-12-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

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12.4. Mobility in soil

quartz (14808-60-7)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all federal, state, and local health and environmental regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT
Not regulated for transport

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
tert-butyl peroxy-2-ethylhexylcarbonate,conc less than100% (34443-12-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)	
titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)	
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)	

Diallyl Phthalate Mineral Filled

Safety Data Sheet

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15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to titanium(IV) oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

titanium(IV) oxide (13463-67-7)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 01/03/2023

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H242	Heating may cause a fire.
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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